

**Math 406 – Fall 2009 – Harry Tamvakis**  
**PROBLEM SET 4 – Due October 1, 2009**

Reading for this week: Section 4 and whatever we cover from Section 5.

**Problems**

From the textbook: Section 4, Problems #10, 12, 14, 18, 20, Section 5, #2, 6, 20. From the Additional Problems for Section 4, do #4.4 and 4.6 (on page 184) and #4.10 (on page 185). In addition, do the following problems:

**A1)** An old receipt has faded. It reads 88 chickens at a total of \$ $x4.2y$ , where  $x$  and  $y$  are unreadable digits. How much did each chicken cost?

**A2)** Solve the following linear congruences:

a)  $16x \equiv 27 \pmod{29}$ ,    b)  $20x \equiv 16 \pmod{64}$ ,  
c)  $22x \equiv 5 \pmod{12}$ ,    d)  $131x \equiv 21 \pmod{77}$ .

**A3)** a) Find the smallest positive integer  $n$  such that  $n + 1$ ,  $n + 2$ ,  $n + 3$ , and  $n + 4$  are all composite.

b) If  $k$  is any positive integer, prove that the number  $k! + 1$  is followed by  $k - 1$  consecutive composite integers. (Note:  $k! = 1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdots k$ .)

**A4)** Show that if  $a$  and  $b$  are integers and  $a + b$  is even, then 24 divides  $ab(a^2 - b^2)$ .

**Extra Credit Problems.**

**EC1)** a) Find a seven-digit number with all its digits different, which is divisible by each of its digits.

b) Does there exist an eight-digit number with the same property? Justify your answer.

**EC2)** The number 1 is written on a blackboard. After each second the number on the blackboard is increased by the sum of its digits, producing a sequence of numbers 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 23, 28, 38, 49, 62, ... Will the number 123456 ever be written on the blackboard?