Homework Problems on the Green Function Method II Fall 2009, Math 246, Professor David Levermore

1. Compute the Green function G(t, s) for the differential operator L(t) defined by

$$L(t)y = D^2y - 2tDy + (t^2 - 1)y,$$

given that $e^{\frac{1}{2}t^2}$ and $te^{\frac{1}{2}t^2}$ solve the homogeneous equation L(t)y = 0. Use the result to solve the initial-value problem

$$y'' - 2ty' + (t^2 - 1)y = t^2 e^{\frac{1}{2}t^2}, \quad y(0) = y'(0) = 0.$$

2. Compute the Green function G(t, s) for the differential operator L(t) defined by

$$\mathbf{L}(t)y = t\,\mathbf{D}^2y + (t-1)\mathbf{D}y - y\,,$$

given that t - 1 and e^{-t} solve the homogeneous equation L(t)y = 0. Use the result to solve the initial-value problem

$$t y'' + (t-1)y' - y = 2t^3$$
, $y(1) = y'(1) = 0$.

Remark: You can also solve these problems using variation of parameters.