

1. Find three positive numbers whose sum is 18 and whose product is as large as possible.

We want to maximize $x y z = f(x, y, z)$
subject to the constraint
 $x + y + z = 18$.

$$\text{Set } g(x, y, z) = x + y + z.$$

$$\nabla f = \lambda \nabla g \rightarrow (yz, xz, xy) = \lambda(1, 1, 1);$$

$$\begin{cases} yz = \lambda \\ xz = \lambda \\ xy = \lambda \\ x + y + z = 18. \end{cases}$$

$$yz = \lambda, xz = \lambda \Rightarrow \frac{y}{x} = 1 \Rightarrow y = x$$

$$xz = \lambda, xy = \lambda \Rightarrow \frac{x}{z} = 1 \Rightarrow x = z.$$

$$\text{So, } x = y = z. \quad x + y + z = 18 \Rightarrow$$

$$x = y = z = 6$$

2. Find the general solution of the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dt} + t^2 y = 1.$$

Set $\mu(t) = e^{\int t^2 dt} = e^{\frac{1}{3}t^3}$

$$\frac{d}{dt} (e^{\frac{1}{3}t^3} y) = e^{\frac{1}{3}t^3}$$

$$e^{\frac{1}{3}t^3} y = \int e^{\frac{1}{3}t^3} dt + c ;$$

$$y = e^{-\frac{1}{3}t^3} \left(\int e^{\frac{1}{3}t^3} dt + c \right)$$

3. Solve the initial-value problem

$$(1+t^2) \frac{dy}{dt} + ty = (1+t^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}, \quad y(0) = 1$$

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$$\frac{dy}{dt} + \frac{t}{1+t^2} y = (1+t^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\mu(t) = e^{\int \frac{t}{1+t^2} dt} = e^{\frac{1}{2} \ln(1+t^2)} = (1+t^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$(1+t^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} (y' + \frac{t}{1+t^2} y) = (1+t^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} ((1+t^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} y) = (1+t^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$(1+t^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} y = \int (1+2t^2+t^4) dt + c$$

$$y = \frac{1}{(1+t^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \left(t + \frac{2}{3}t^3 + \frac{1}{5}t^5 + c \right)$$

$$y(0) = 1 \Rightarrow c = 1$$

$$y = \frac{1}{(1+t^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \left(t + \frac{2}{3}t^3 + \frac{1}{5}t^5 + 1 \right)$$