

Answer key for Problem 2

October 6, 2008

$$L = \int_0^2 \sqrt{f'(t)^2 + g'(t)^2} dt \quad (2 \text{ points})$$

$$f'(t) = (\ln 2)2^t \sin t + 2^t \cos t; \quad g'(t) = (\ln 2)2^t \cos t - 2^t \sin t \quad (4 \text{ points})$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(t)^2 + g'(t)^2 &= [(\ln 2)^2 2^{2t} \sin^2 t + 2^{2t+1} (\ln 2) \sin t \cos t + 2^{2t} \cos^2 t] \\ &\quad + [(\ln 2)^2 2^{2t} \cos^2 t - 2^{2t+1} (\ln 2) \sin t \cos t + 2^{2t} \sin^2 t] \\ &= (\ln 2)^2 2^{2t} \sin^2 t + 2^{2t} \cos^2 t + (\ln 2)^2 2^{2t} \cos^2 t + 2^{2t} \sin^2 t \end{aligned}$$

(4 points)

$$L = \int_0^2 \sqrt{(\ln 2)^2 2^{2t} (\cos^2 t + \sin^2 t) + 2^{2t} (\cos^2 t + \sin^2 t)} dt = \int_0^2 2^t \sqrt{(\ln 2)^2 + 1} dt$$

(4 points)

$$L = \sqrt{(\ln 2)^2 + 1} \int_0^2 2^t dt = \sqrt{(\ln 2)^2 + 1} \cdot \frac{2^t}{\ln 2} \Big|_0^2 \quad (4 \text{ points})$$

$$L = \frac{3\sqrt{(\ln 2)^2 + 1}}{\ln 2} \quad (2 \text{ points})$$