MATH 141 Problem 3 Key

$$\begin{split} &\int_{b}^{a} 62.5(l-x)A(x)dx \ (2 \text{ points if nothing else}) \\ &= \int_{0}^{5} 62.5(10-x)\pi x^{2}dx \ (3 \text{ points for bounds, 3 points for } l, \, 6 \text{ points for } A(x)) \\ &= 62.5\pi \left[\frac{10}{3}x^{3} - \frac{1}{4}x^{4}\right]_{0}^{5} \ (6 \text{ points for integration}) \\ &= 62.5\pi (\frac{1250}{3} - \frac{625}{4}) \\ &= 62.5\pi (\frac{5000}{12} - \frac{1875}{12}) \\ &= 62.5\pi \frac{3125}{12} \ (2 \text{ points for evaluation}) \end{split}$$