

Nuemrical Simulation of Two-Dimensional Martensitic Phase Transition and Microstructure

Mid-Term Report of AMSC663, Fall 2003

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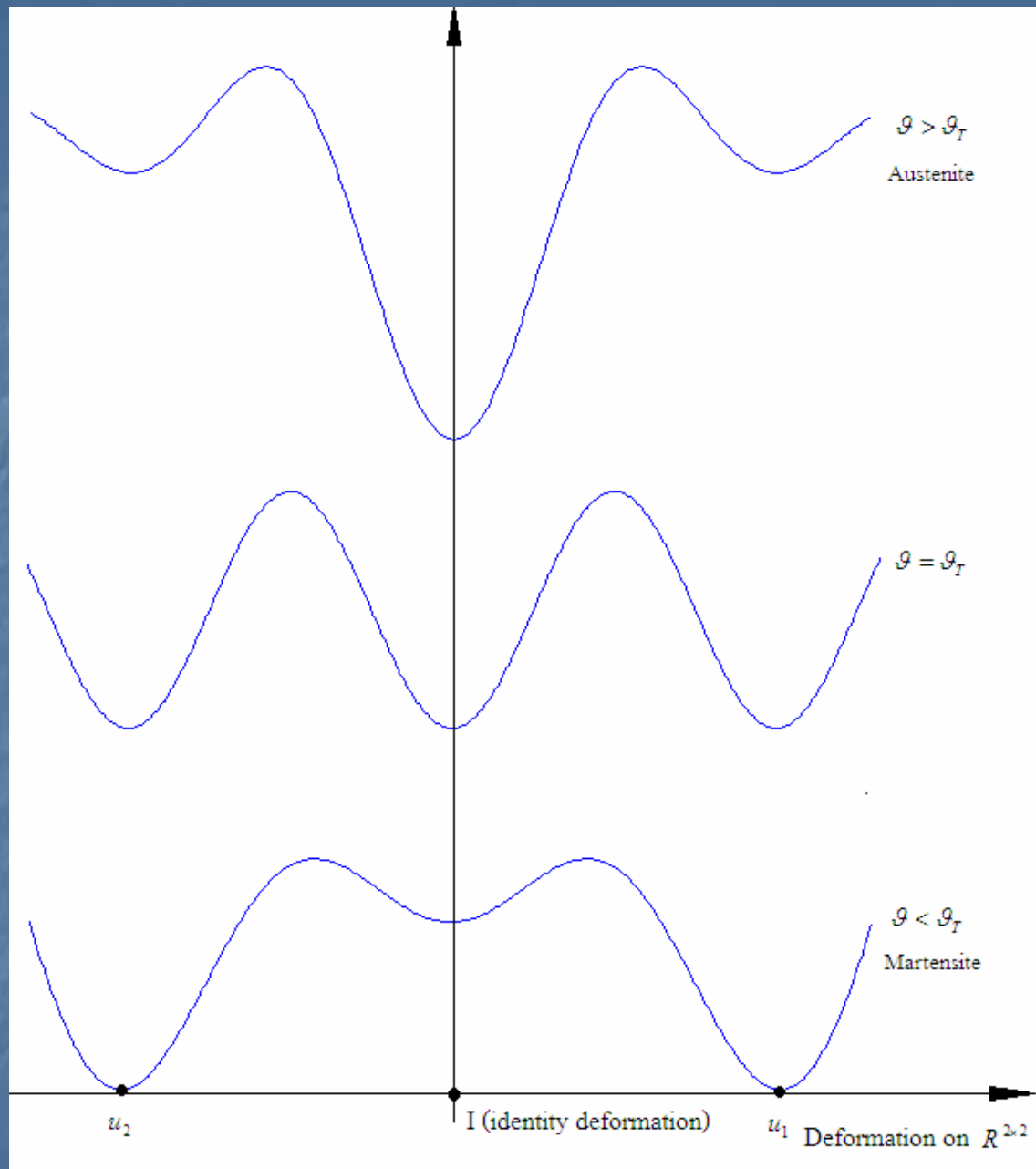
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Outline

- Background Problem Description
- Finite Element Discretization
- Numerical Optimization
- Some Preliminary Results
- Future Work

Background Problem Description

- Two-Dimensional (2D) martensitic phase transition and microstructure
 - Martensitic microstructure is a low-temperature phase with fine-scale mixture of different martensitic variants
 - Austenitic microstructure is a high-temperature phase with one phase stable lattice structure
- Minimize the bulk energy
- Energy-minimizing sequences can model fine-scale martensitic microstructure



Background Problem Description Con'd

- A two-dimensional energy model I am working on

The total energy is associated with a deformation $y(x)$, of the reference domain

$$\Omega = [0,1]^2, y : \Omega \rightarrow R^{2 \times 2}$$

I consider Lipschitz continuous functions which satisfy the boundary condition

$$y(x) = F(x).$$

The energy function is given by

$$E(y) = \int_{\Omega} W(\nabla y(x)) dx$$

Energy Density

$$W(F) = \Phi(F^T F) = \Phi(C) \quad \Phi(C) = \kappa_1 (tr C - 2)^2 + \kappa_2 C_{12}^2 + \kappa_3 \left(\left(\frac{C_{11} - C_{12}}{2} \right)^2 - \varepsilon^2 \right)^2$$

with constants $\kappa_i > 0$ and $\varepsilon > 0$

Finite Element Discretization

- Finite-element approximation of the space of admissible deformations

$$\Omega_{ij} = [ih, (i+1)h] \times [jh, (j+1)h]$$

- Bilinear Finite Element $u_h = (u_h^1, u_h^2)$

$$u_h^k = \sum_{i,j=0}^N u_{ij}^k \phi_{ij} \quad k = 1 \text{ or } 2$$

where ϕ_{ij} are the bilinear basis functions.

- Discretization form of energy function

$$E(y) = h^2 \sum_{i,j=0}^{N-1} W(\nabla u_h(m_{ij}))$$

where m_{ij} is the midpoint of Ω_{ij}

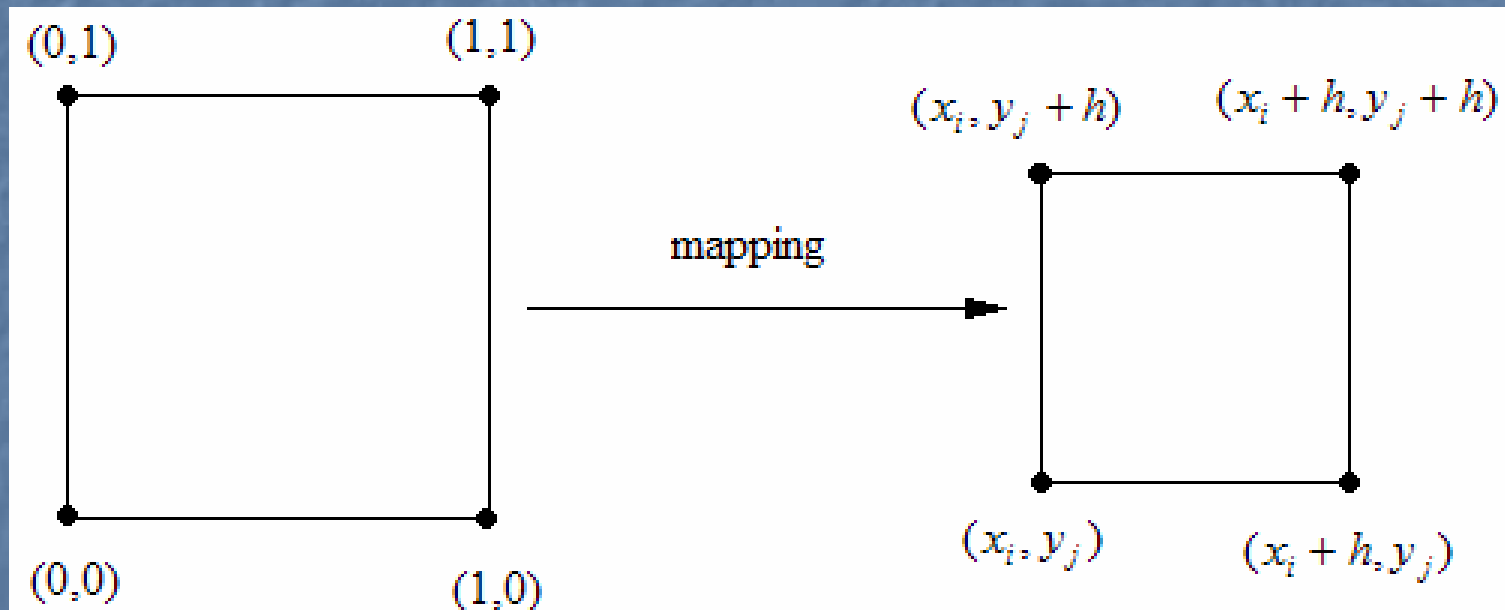
- Deformation Gradient ∇u_h

$$\frac{\partial u_h^k}{\partial x}(m_{ij}) = \frac{1}{2h} (u_{i+1j}^k + u_{i+1j+1}^k - u_{ij}^k - u_{ij+1}^k)$$

$$\frac{\partial u_h^k}{\partial y}(m_{ij}) = \frac{1}{2h} (u_{ij+1}^k + u_{i+1j+1}^k - u_{ij}^k - u_{i+1j}^k)$$

- First Derivative of energy function ∇E

- Use ADIC, generate the derivative functions automatically. (Give up)
- Do it by hand. Basic idea is to use the bilinear basis function in each element. There is a mapping from the unitary square to an arbitrary element.



Numerical Optimization

- One-Dimensional Function
 - Bracket Method (Golden Section Search)
- Multidimensional Function
 - Method with the computation of first derivatives
 - Conjugate Gradient Method
 - Method without the computation of first derivatives
 - Downhill Simplex method (Nelder-Mead's method)

Some Preliminary Work

- Study a Two-Well problem with the energy density

$$\Phi(C) = \kappa_1 (\text{tr}C - 2)^2 + \kappa_2 C_{12}^2 + \kappa_3 \left(\left(\frac{C_{11} - C_{12}}{2} \right)^2 - \varepsilon^2 \right)^2$$

- Build the discretization format of the problem
- Study the numerical methods of optimization

Some Preliminary Work

con'd

■ Programming

- Configuration class that sets up domain, boundary condition, discretized energy density, and the first derivative of the energy function.
- Optimization class that handles the iterative descent method for my energy function. Currently I finished 1-D optimization part, and conjugate gradient method. I am taking codes in Numerical Recipe as reference.

Bugs in my optimization module.

Some Preliminary Work

con'd

- Test ADIC ([Automatic Differentiation Tool for ANSI-C](#)), but finally found that its code is very inefficient.
- I transform the definition part of C code to Matlab, then use Nelder-Meade method in Matlab to test my problem.
- Initially I linked the SUN library for some basis functions. After I switched to UMIACS Linux cluster, I rewrote them by myself.
- Use CVS to manage the code

Future Work

- During the winter break
 - Finish optimization framework using conjugate gradient method
 - Investigate Nelder-Meade method
 - Explore the parallel scheme for my project.
- In next semester
 - Solve the problem with the surface energy.
 - Deal with different boundary condition
 - Explore the adaptive FMM
 - Visualization

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